Adopted

Rejected

COMMITTEE REPORT

YES: 7 NO: 3

MR. SPEAKER:

Your Committee on <u>Insurance, Corporations and Small Business</u>, to which was referred <u>Senate Bill 276</u>, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill **be amended** as follows:

- Page 1, between the enacting clause and line 1, begin a new
- 2 paragraph and insert:
- 3 "SECTION 1. IC 27-2-21 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
- 4 AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
- 5 JULY 1, 2002]:
- 6 Chapter 21. Credit Information in Property and Casualty
- 7 Insurance
- 8 Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "applicant" means an individual
- 9 who applies for a policy of property and casualty insurance.
- 10 Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "claim loss" means a claim paid
- under a policy of property and casualty insurance, including a
- claim for:
- 13 **(1) bodily injury;**
- 14 (2) property damage;

1	(3) medical payments;
2	(4) collision coverage;
3	(5) comprehensive coverage;
4	(6) car rental coverage; or
5	(7) towing coverage.
6	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "commissioner" refers to the
7	commissioner of the department.
8	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "credit information" means
9	credit related information obtained through a review of a credit
10	history, credit report, or credit score, or on an application for a
11	policy of property and casualty insurance.
12	Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "credit score" means a number
13	or rating derived through a credit scoring methodology.
14	Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "credit scoring methodology"
15	means the particular algorithm, computer model, or other method
16	used by an insurer to reduce to a numerical or other rating for use
17	in the insurance underwriting process certain credit history data
18	contained in an individual's credit report.
19	Sec. 7. As used in this chapter, "department" refers to the
20	department of insurance created under IC 27-1-1-1.
21	Sec. 8. As used in this chapter, "insured" means an individual
22	who is entitled to coverage under a policy of property and casualty
23	insurance.
24	Sec. 9. As used in this chapter, "insurer" means a person that:
25	(1) is described in IC 27-1-2-3(x); and
26	(2) issues a policy of property and casualty insurance.
27	Sec. 10. As used in this chapter, "property and casualty
28	insurance" means one (1) or more of the kinds of insurance
29	described in Class 2 and Class 3 of IC 27-1-5-1.
30	Sec. 11. (a) This chapter applies to an individual policy of
31	property and casualty insurance.
32	(b) This chapter does not apply to a commercial line of
33	insurance.
34	Sec. 12. (a) An insurer may not use a credit score until the
35	insurer files with the commissioner the credit scoring methodology
36	and changes to the credit scoring methodology that the insurer uses
37	to develop the credit score.

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(b) The commissioner shall review a credit scoring methodology

1 and changes to the credit scoring methodology filed under 2 subsection (a) for compliance with Indiana insurance laws and 3 rules. 4 Sec. 13. (a) An insurer may not, based solely on credit 5 information, refuse to issue, refuse to renew, or cancel a policy of property and casualty insurance. 6 7 (b) An insurer does not violate subsection (a) if the insurer 8 offers to provide continuous and identical coverage to an insured 9 under a policy of property and casualty insurance underwritten: 10 (1) by an affiliate of the insurer; and 11 (2) in the same rating class. 12 Sec. 14. If the credit score of an insured or applicant is adversely 13 impacted or cannot be generated because the credit history of the 14 insured or applicant is insufficient, an insurer shall: 15 (1) apply underwriting or rating criteria to the insured or applicant as if the insured or applicant had a neutral credit 16 17 history, as defined in the insurer's underwriting guidelines or 18 rate making standards unless otherwise actuarially justified; 19 or 20 (2) exclude the use of credit as a factor in the underwriting or 21 rating process. 22 Sec. 15. An insurer may not, based on credit information, refuse 23 to issue, refuse to renew, or cancel a policy of property and 24 casualty insurance, or transfer an insured to an affiliate or to a 25 different rating class if the insured has: 26 (1) continuously maintained a policy of property and casualty 27 insurance issued by the insurer; 28 (2) had no claim loss on the policy specified in subdivision (1); 29 and 30 (3) had no moving traffic violations; 31 during the three (3) years immediately preceding the date on which 32 the insurer makes a determination described in this section. 33 Sec. 16. (a) If credit information is used as a basis for a refusal 34 to issue, refusal to renew, cancellation, or rating of a policy of 35 property and casualty insurance, the insurer shall provide notice to the insured or applicant of the insurer's use of credit 36 37 information as a basis for the refusal to issue, refusal to renew,

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cancellation, or rating of the policy of property and casualty

1	insurance according to the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act (15
2	U.S.C. 1681 et seq.).
3	(b) An insurer shall include in a notice required under
4	subsection (a) notice that the insured or applicant has the right to,
5	not more than ninety (90) days after the insured or applicant
6	receives the notice required under subsection (a), request in
7	writing from the insurer an explanation of the most significant
8	reasons for the credit score result, including the principal factors
9	involved in the refusal to issue, refusal to renew, cancellation, or
10	rating of the policy of property and casualty insurance.
11	(c)Notmorethantwenty-one(21)businessdaysafteranin surer
12	receives a request under subsection (b):
13	(1) the insurer; or
14	(2) a third party that:
15	(A) possesses the information necessary to provide an
16	explanation requested under subsection (b); and
17	(B) is directed by the insurer to provide the requested
18	explanation;
19	shall provide the requested explanation in writing to the insured or $% \left\{ \mathbf{r}^{\prime}\right\} =\mathbf{r}^{\prime}$
20	applicant.
21	(d) If an insurer, in the notice provided under subsection (a),
22	provided the explanation requested under subsection (b), the
23	insurer has met the requirement of subsection (c).
24	Sec. 17. (a) An insurer shall not use credit information as a
25	pretext for discrimination against an insured or applicant that is
26	based on the gender, race, nationality, or religion of the insured or
27	applicant.
28	(b) A credit scoring methodology may not be used by an insurer
29	if the credit scoring methodology incorporates the gender, race,
30	nationality, or religion of an insured or applicant.
31	Sec. 18. Information provided by an insurer to the commissioner
32	under this chapter is confidential.
33	Sec. 19. An insurance producer licensed under IC 27-1-15.6 is
34	not liable in any action arising from the use of credit information
35	by an insurer if the insurance producer complies with the insurer's

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Sec. 20. A willful violation of this chapter is an unfair and

procedures that are provided to the insurance producer by the

insurer concerning the use of credit information.

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1 deceptive act and practice in the business of insurance under 2 IC 27-4-1-4, as determined by the commissioner. 3 Sec. 21. This chapter is not intended to conflict with any 4 disclosure provisions of state law or the federal Truth in Lending 5 Act (15 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.). SECTION 2. IC 27-2-21-16.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA 6 7 CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS 8 [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 2, 2004]: Sec. 16.1. (a) This section applies 9 to an insured or applicant to whom notice is provided under 10 section 16 of this chapter. 11 (b) This section supplements the federal Fair Credit Reporting 12 Act (15 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.). 13 (c) In addition to the explanation that an insurer must provide 14 under section 16 of this chapter, an insurer shall, not more than twenty-one (21) business days after the insurer receives a request 15 16 under section 16 of this chapter, provide in writing to the insured 17 or applicant the requested explanation, and additional information 18 involved in the refusal to issue, refusal to renew, cancellation, or 19 rating of the policy of property and casualty insurance, including: 20 (1) notice that a credit score was a determining factor in the 21 insurer's decision; 22 (2) a thorough explanation of the credit scoring process used 23 by the insurer; 24 (3) a list of all factors contained in the credit history of the 25 insured or applicant that were used to derive a credit score 26 that negatively affected the insurability of the insured or 27 applicant; and 28 (4) an explanation of how the factors listed under subdivision 29 (3) negatively affected the insurability of the insured or 30 applicant. SECTION 3. IC 27-4-1-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.132-2001, 31 32 SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 33 JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 4. The following are hereby defined as unfair methods of competition and unfair and deceptive acts and practices in 34 35 the business of insurance: (1) Making, issuing, circulating, or causing to be made, issued, or 36 37 circulated, any estimate, illustration, circular, or statement:

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(A) misrepresenting the terms of any policy issued or to be

1 issued or the benefits or advantages promised thereby or the 2 dividends or share of the surplus to be received thereon; 3 (B) making any false or misleading statement as to the 4 dividends or share of surplus previously paid on similar 5 policies; (C) making any misleading representation or any 6 7 misrepresentation as to the financial condition of any insurer, 8 or as to the legal reserve system upon which any life insurer 9 operates; 10 (D) using any name or title of any policy or class of policies 11 misrepresenting the true nature thereof; or 12. (E) making any misrepresentation to any policyholder insured 13 in any company for the purpose of inducing or tending to 14 induce such policyholder to lapse, forfeit, or surrender his 15 insurance. 16 (2) Making, publishing, disseminating, circulating, or placing 17 before the public, or causing, directly or indirectly, to be made, 18 published, disseminated, circulated, or placed before the public, 19 in a newspaper, magazine, or other publication, or in the form of 20 a notice, circular, pamphlet, letter, or poster, or over any radio or 21 television station, or in any other way, an advertisement, 22 announcement, or statement containing any assertion, 23 representation, or statement with respect to any person in the 24 conduct of his insurance business, which is untrue, deceptive, or 25 misleading. 26 (3) Making, publishing, disseminating, or circulating, directly or 27 indirectly, or aiding, abetting, or encouraging the making, 28 publishing, disseminating, or circulating of any oral or written 29 statement or any pamphlet, circular, article, or literature which is 30 false, or maliciously critical of or derogatory to the financial 31 condition of an insurer, and which is calculated to injure any 32 person engaged in the business of insurance. 33 (4) Entering into any agreement to commit, or individually or by 34 a concerted action committing any act of boycott, coercion, or 35 intimidation resulting or tending to result in unreasonable 36 restraint of, or a monopoly in, the business of insurance. 37 (5) Filing with any supervisory or other public official, or making, 38 publishing, disseminating, circulating, or delivering to any person,

or placing before the public, or causing directly or indirectly, to be made, published, disseminated, circulated, delivered to any person, or placed before the public, any false statement of financial condition of an insurer with intent to deceive. Making any false entry in any book, report, or statement of any insurer with intent to deceive any agent or examiner lawfully appointed to examine into its condition or into any of its affairs, or any public official to which such insurer is required by law to report, or which has authority by law to examine into its condition or into any of its affairs, or, with like intent, willfully omitting to make a true entry of any material fact pertaining to the business of such insurer in any book, report, or statement of such insurer.

- (6) Issuing or delivering or permitting agents, officers, or employees to issue or deliver, agency company stock or other capital stock, or benefit certificates or shares in any common law corporation, or securities or any special or advisory board contracts or other contracts of any kind promising returns and profits as an inducement to insurance.
- (7) Making or permitting any of the following:
 - (A) Unfair discrimination between individuals of the same class and equal expectation of life in the rates or assessments charged for any contract of life insurance or of life annuity or in the dividends or other benefits payable thereon, or in any other of the terms and conditions of such contract; however, in determining the class, consideration may be given to the nature of the risk, plan of insurance, the actual or expected expense of conducting the business, or any other relevant factor.

(B) Unfair discrimination between individuals of the same class involving essentially the same hazards in the amount of premium, policy fees, assessments, or rates charged or made for any policy or contract of accident or health insurance or in the benefits payable thereunder, or in any of the terms or conditions of such contract, or in any other manner whatever; however, in determining the class, consideration may be given to the nature of the risk, the plan of insurance, the actual or expected expense of conducting the business, or any other relevant factor.

(C) Excessive or inadequate charges for premiums, policy fees, assessments, or rates, or making or permitting any unfair discrimination between persons of the same class involving essentially the same hazards, in the amount of premiums, policy fees, assessments, or rates charged or made for:

- (i) policies or contracts of reinsurance or joint reinsurance, or abstract and title insurance;
- (ii) policies or contracts of insurance against loss or damage to aircraft, or against liability arising out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of any aircraft, or of vessels or craft, their cargoes, marine builders' risks, marine protection and indemnity, or other risks commonly insured under marine, as distinguished from inland marine, insurance; or
- (iii) policies or contracts of any other kind or kinds of insurance whatsoever.

However, nothing contained in clause (C) shall be construed to apply to any of the kinds of insurance referred to in clauses (A) and (B) nor to reinsurance in relation to such kinds of insurance. Nothing in clause (A), (B), or (C) shall be construed as making or permitting any excessive, inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory charge or rate or any charge or rate determined by the department or commissioner to meet the requirements of any other insurance rate regulatory law of this state.

(8) Except as otherwise expressly provided by law, knowingly permitting or offering to make or making any contract or policy of insurance of any kind or kinds whatsoever, including but not in limitation, life annuities, or agreement as to such contract or policy other than as plainly expressed in such contract or policy issued thereon, or paying or allowing, or giving or offering to pay, allow, or give, directly or indirectly, as inducement to such insurance, or annuity, any rebate of premiums payable on the contract, or any special favor or advantage in the dividends, savings, or other benefits thereon, or any valuable consideration or inducement whatever not specified in the contract or policy; or giving, or selling, or purchasing or offering to give, sell, or purchase as inducement to such insurance or annuity or in connection therewith, any stocks, bonds, or other securities of any insurance company or other corporation, association, limited

liability company, or partnership, or any dividends, savings, or profits accrued thereon, or anything of value whatsoever not specified in the contract. Nothing in this subdivision and subdivision (7) shall be construed as including within the definition of discrimination or rebates any of the following practices:

- (A) Paying bonuses to policyholders or otherwise abating their premiums in whole or in part out of surplus accumulated from nonparticipating insurance, so long as any such bonuses or abatement of premiums are fair and equitable to policyholders and for the best interests of the company and its policyholders.
- (B) In the case of life insurance policies issued on the industrial debit plan, making allowance to policyholders who have continuously for a specified period made premium payments directly to an office of the insurer in an amount which fairly represents the saving in collection expense.
- (C) Readjustment of the rate of premium for a group insurance policy based on the loss or expense experience thereunder, at the end of the first year or of any subsequent year of insurance thereunder, which may be made retroactive only for such policy year.
- (D) Paying by an insurer or agent thereof duly licensed as such under the laws of this state of money, commission, or brokerage, or giving or allowing by an insurer or such licensed agent thereof anything of value, for or on account of the solicitation or negotiation of policies or other contracts of any kind or kinds, to a broker, agent, or solicitor duly licensed under the laws of this state, but such broker, agent, or solicitor receiving such consideration shall not pay, give, or allow credit for such consideration as received in whole or in part, directly or indirectly, to the insured by way of rebate.

(9) Requiring, as a condition precedent to loaning money upon the security of a mortgage upon real property, that the owner of the property to whom the money is to be loaned negotiate any policy of insurance covering such real property through a particular insurance agent or broker or brokers. However, this subdivision shall not prevent the exercise by any lender of its or his right to approve or disapprove of the insurance company selected by the

1 borrower to underwrite the insurance.

(10) Entering into any contract, combination in the form of a trust or otherwise, or conspiracy in restraint of commerce in the business of insurance.

- (11) Monopolizing or attempting to monopolize or combining or conspiring with any other person or persons to monopolize any part of commerce in the business of insurance. However, participation as a member, director, or officer in the activities of any nonprofit organization of agents or other workers in the insurance business shall not be interpreted, in itself, to constitute a combination in restraint of trade or as combining to create a monopoly as provided in this subdivision and subdivision (10). The enumeration in this chapter of specific unfair methods of competition and unfair or deceptive acts and practices in the business of insurance is not exclusive or restrictive or intended to limit the powers of the commissioner or department or of any court of review under section 8 of this chapter.
- (12) Requiring as a condition precedent to the sale of real or personal property under any contract of sale, conditional sales contract, or other similar instrument or upon the security of a chattel mortgage, that the buyer of such property negotiate any policy of insurance covering such property through a particular insurance company, agent, or broker or brokers. However, this subdivision shall not prevent the exercise by any seller of such property or the one making a loan thereon, of his, her, or its right to approve or disapprove of the insurance company selected by the buyer to underwrite the insurance.
- (13) Issuing, offering, or participating in a plan to issue or offer, any policy or certificate of insurance of any kind or character as an inducement to the purchase of any property, real, personal, or mixed, or services of any kind, where a charge to the insured is not made for and on account of such policy or certificate of insurance. However, this subdivision shall not apply to any of the following:
 - (A) Insurance issued to credit unions or members of credit unions in connection with the purchase of shares in such credit unions.
- (B) Insurance employed as a means of guaranteeing the

1	performance of goods and designed to benefit the purchasers
2	or users of such goods.
3	(C) Title insurance.
4	(D) Insurance written in connection with an indebtedness and
5	intended as a means of repaying such indebtedness in the
6	event of the death or disability of the insured.
7	(E) Insurance provided by or through motorists service clubs
8	or associations.
9	(F) Insurance that is provided to the purchaser or holder of an
10	air transportation ticket and that:
11	(i) insures against death or nonfatal injury that occurs during
12	the flight to which the ticket relates;
13	(ii) insures against personal injury or property damage that
14	occurs during travel to or from the airport in a common
15	carrier immediately before or after the flight;
16	(iii) insures against baggage loss during the flight to which
17	the ticket relates; or
18	(iv) insures against a flight cancellation to which the ticket
19	relates.
20	(14) Refusing, because of the for-profit status of a hospital or
21	medical facility, to make payments otherwise required to be made
22	under a contract or policy of insurance for charges incurred by an
23	insured in such a for-profit hospital or other for-profit medical
24	facility licensed by the state department of health.
25	(15) Refusing to insure an individual, refusing to continue to issue
26	insurance to an individual, limiting the amount, extent, or kind of
27	coverage available to an individual, or charging an individual a
28	different rate for the same coverage, solely because of that
29	individual's blindness or partial blindness, except where the
30	refusal, limitation, or rate differential is based on sound actuarial
31	principles or is related to actual or reasonably anticipated
32	experience.
33	(16) Committing or performing, with such frequency as to
34	indicate a general practice, unfair claim settlement practices (as
35	defined in section 4.5 of this chapter).
36	(17) Between policy renewal dates, unilaterally canceling an
37	individual's coverage under an individual or group health
38	insurance policy solely because of the individual's medical or

physical condition.
(18) Using a policy form or rider that would permit a cancellation
of coverage as described in subdivision (17).
(19) Violating IC 27-1-22-25 or IC 27-1-22-26 concerning motor
vehicle insurance rates.
(20) Violating IC 27-8-21-2 concerning advertisements referring
to interest rate guarantees.
(21) Violating IC 27-8-24.3 concerning insurance and health plan
coverage for victims of abuse.
(22) Violating IC 27-8-26 concerning genetic screening or testing.
(23) Violating IC 27-1-15.6-3(b) concerning licensure of
insurance producers.
(24) Violating IC 27-2-21 concerning use of credit information
in underwriting of property and casualty insurance.".
Page 6, after line 28, begin a new paragraph and insert:
"SECTION 6. IC 34-30-2-111.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2002]: Sec. 111.7. IC 27-2-21-19 (Concerning
the liability of insurance producers in actions arising from the use
of credit information by an insurer).".
Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.
(Reference is to SB 276 as printed January 25, 2002.)

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

Representative Crooks